United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois

Name of Assigned Judge or Magistrate Judge	Virginia M. Kendall	Sitting Judge if Other than Assigned Judge	
CASE NUMBER	11 C 4065	DATE	8/18/2011
CASE TITLE	Jerome Watson (#K-89634) vs. Lisa Madigan, et al.		

DOCKET ENTRY TEXT:

Plaintiff has filed a motion for extension of time to file his notice of appeal [#12]. Plaintiff's motion is denied. Plaintiff has submitted a motion for leave to appeal *in forma pauperis*. The Clerk is directed to treat the motion for leave to appeal i.f.p. as Plaintiff's notice of appeal, and to process it accordingly. Plaintiff's motion for leave to appeal *in forma pauperis* [#13] is denied. The Court certifies that the appeal is not taken in good faith and orders the plaintiff to pay the appellate fees of \$455 within fourteen days or the Court of Appeals may dismiss his appeal for want of prosecution. Plaintiff's motion to amend his complaint is denied. The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this order to the PLRA Attorney, U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit.

■ [For further details see text below.]

Docketing to mail notices.

STATEMENT

Plaintiff has submitted a motion for extension of time to submit his notice of appeal, a motion for leave to proceed on appeal *in forma pauperis*, and a motion to amend his complaint. Each motion is denied as follows. First, Plaintiff seeks 60 additional days to submit his notice of appeal. The motion is denied because Plaintiff has also filed a motion for leave to appeal *in forma pauperis*. The Clerk is directed to treat the i.f.p. motion as Plaintiff's notice of appeal and to process it accordingly.

Plaintiff has also filed a motion to amend his complaint to convert it into a petition for wirt of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. The motion is denied. The Court is not permitted to "convert" the civil rights action into a habeas corpus suit and decide the case on its merits. *Pischke v. Litscher*, 178 F.3d 497,500 (7th Cir. 1999).

Plaintiff seeks to appeal the judgment entered by the Court on June 30, 2011, and seeks leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*. For the reasons stated in the June 30, 2011, order, the Court finds that this action does not raise a substantial issue meriting appellate review. As Plaintiff has raised none in his motion for leave to appeal *in forma pauperis*, the Court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3), that the appeal is not in good faith and that no appeal should be taken. When a suit is found to be frivolous, an ensuing appeal generally cannot be "in good faith" under § 1915(a)(3). *Moran v. Sondalle*, 218 F.3d 647, 650 (7th Cir. 2000).

Under the rules of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit Court, if the district court certifies that an appeal is not taken in good faith, the appellant cannot prosecute the appeal *in forma pauperis* but rather must pay the appellate fees in full for the appeal to go forward. Consequently, Plaintiff must pay the full \$455 within fourteen days or the Court of Appeals may dismiss his appeal for want of prosecution. *See Evans v. Illinois Dept. of Corrections*, 150 F.3d 810, 812 (7th Cir. 1998). If Plaintiff wishes to contest this Court's finding that the appeal is not taken in good faith, he must file a motion with the Court of Appeals seeking review of this Court's certification within thirty days of service of this order. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 24(a)(5).

(CONTINUED)

AWL

STATEMENT (continued)

In sum, Plaintiff's motion for leave to appeal *in forma pauperis* is denied. Plaintiff is ordered to remit to the Clerk of the Court the \$455 appellate fee within fourteen days of the date of this order. If Plaintiff fails to comply with this order, the Court of Appeals may dismiss his appeal. Plaintiff is responsible for ensuring payment of the filing fees as directed by this order, and should ensure that the institution having custody of him transmits the necessary funds. Nonpayment for any reason other than destitution shall be construed as a voluntary relinquishment of the right to file future suits *in forma pauperis*. The obligation to ensure full payment of the filing fees imposed by this order shall not be relieved by release or transfer to another prison. Plaintiff is under a continuing obligation to inform the Clerk of this Court in writing of any change of address within seven days.

Payment shall be sent to the Clerk, United States District Court, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, Illinois
60604, attn: Cashier's Desk, 20th Floor. Payment should clearly identify Plaintiff's name, as well as the district
court and appellate court case numbers assigned to this action.
The Clerk is directed to send a copy of this order to the PLRA Attorney, United States Court of Appeals
for the Seventh Circuit.